

(E)-3-[3-(4-Bromophenyl)-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-prop-2-en-1-one

Hoong-Kun Fun,^{a,*†} Ching Kheng Quah,^{a,§} Shridhar Malladi,^b Arun M. Isloor^b and Kammasandra N. Shivananda^c

^aX-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia, ^bMedicinal Chemistry Division, Department of Chemistry, National Institute of Technology-Karnataka, Surathkal, Mangalore 575 025, India, and ^cSchulich Faculty of Chemistry, Technion Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa 32000, Israel
Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

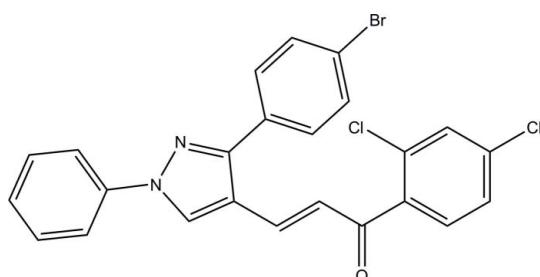
Received 19 October 2011; accepted 25 October 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.052; wR factor = 0.140; data-to-parameter ratio = 23.9.

In the title molecule, $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{15}\text{BrCl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}$, the dihedral angles between the pyrazole ring and its N-bonded phenyl (*A*) and C-bonded bromobenzene (*B*) rings are $10.34(16)$ and $40.95(15)^\circ$, respectively. The dihedral angle between rings *A* and *B* is $56.89(17)^\circ$. The title molecule exists in a *trans* conformation with respect to the acyclic $\text{C}=\text{C}$ bond. In the crystal, molecules are linked into inversion dimers by pairs of $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, generating $R_2^2(14)$ loops. The crystal structure is further consolidated by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions.

Related literature

For a related structure and background references to pyrazoles, see: Fun *et al.* (2011). For standard bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{15}\text{BrCl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 498.19$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 11.4203(14)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 9.9357(13)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 19.656(3)\text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 94.653(3)^\circ$

$V = 2222.9(5)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 2.11\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 296\text{ K}$
 $0.38 \times 0.21 \times 0.11\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII DUO
CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.504$, $T_{\max} = 0.803$

23842 measured reflections
6480 independent reflections
2743 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.056$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.140$
 $S = 0.98$
6480 reflections

271 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.44\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.52\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$Cg1$ is the centroid of C1–C6 phenyl ring.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C11–H11A…O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.41	3.329 (4)	170
C15–H15A…Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.82	3.666 (3)	152

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (ii) $x, y - 1, z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

HKF and CKQ thank Universiti Sains Malaysia for the Research University Grant (No. 1001/PFIZIK/811160). AMI is thankful to the Department of Atomic Energy, Board for Research in Nuclear Sciences, Government of India, for the Young Scientist award.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6462).

References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
Bernstein, J., Davis, R. E., Shimoni, L. & Chang, N.-L. (1995). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **34**, 1555–1573.
Bruker (2009). *APEX2*, *SAINT* and *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Fun, H.-K., Quah, C. K., Malladi, S., Isloor, A. M. & Shivananda, K. N. (2011). *Acta Cryst. E67*, o3102–o3103.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A64*, 112–122.
Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst. D65*, 148–155.

‡ Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

§ Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-5525-2009.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o3104 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811044424]

(E)-3-[3-(4-Bromophenyl)-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

H.-K. Fun, C. K. Quah, S. Malladi, A. M. Isloor and K. N. Shivananda

Comment

As part of our ongoing studies of pyrazole derivatives with potential biological activities (Fun *et al.*, 2011), we have synthesized the title compound, (I), to study its crystal structure.

In the title molecule (Fig. 1), the benzene (C19–C24) ring and the two phenyl (C1–C6 and C13–C18) rings form dihedral angles of 10.34 (16), 50.23 (16) and 40.95 (15)°, respectively, with the pyrazole ring (N1/N2/C10–C12). The benzene ring also forms dihedral angles of 56.89 (17) and 38.81 (16)° with dichloro-bound phenyl (C1–C6) and bromo-bound phenyl (C13–C18) rings, respectively. The phenyl rings form a dihedral angle of 89.57 (17)°. The title molecule exists in *trans* configuration with respect to the acyclic C8=C9 bond [bond length = 1.336 (4) Å]. Bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges and are comparable to a related structure (Fun *et al.*, 2011).

In the crystal (Fig. 2), molecules are linked into inversion dimers by pairs of intermolecular C11–H11A···O1 hydrogen bonds (Table 1), generating fourteen-membered D²₂(14) ring motifs (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). The crystal structure is further consolidated by C15–H15A···Cg1 (Table 1) interactions, where Cg1 is the centroid of C1–C6 phenyl ring.

Experimental

To a cold, stirred mixture of methanol (20 ml) and sodium hydroxide (12.09 mmol), 2,4-dichloroacetophenone (4.03 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min. 3-(4-Bromophenyl)-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carbaldehyde (4.03 mmol) was added to this solution followed by tetrahydrofuran (30 ml). The solution was further stirred for 2 h at 273 K and then at room temperature for 5 h. It was then poured into ice cold water. The resulting solution was neutralized with dil. HCl. The solid that separated out was filtered, washed with water, dried and crystallized from ethanol to yield colourless blocks. Yield: 1.6 g, 80 %. *M.p.*: 457–458 K.

Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with C–H = 0.93 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

Figures

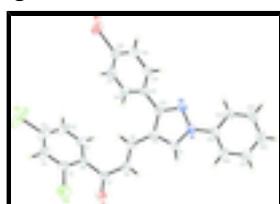


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms.

supplementary materials

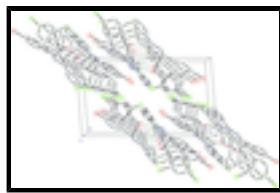


Fig. 2. The crystal structure of the title compound, viewed along the b axis. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds (dashed lines) have been omitted for clarity.

(E)-3-[3-(4-Bromophenyl)-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl]-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

Crystal data

C ₂₄ H ₁₅ BrCl ₂ N ₂ O	$F(000) = 1000$
$M_r = 498.19$	$D_x = 1.489 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 2554 reflections
$a = 11.4203 (14) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.9\text{--}22.2^\circ$
$b = 9.9357 (13) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 2.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 19.656 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 296 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 94.653 (3)^\circ$	Block, colourless
$V = 2222.9 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.38 \times 0.21 \times 0.11 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII DUO CCD diffractometer	6480 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	2743 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
φ and ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.056$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2009)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.8^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.504$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.803$	$h = -15 \rightarrow 16$
23842 measured reflections	$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
	$l = -27 \rightarrow 22$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.140$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 0.98$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0493P)^2 + 0.6604P]$
6480 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
271 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.44 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.52 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\text{sigma}(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.29004 (5)	-0.10153 (6)	0.11448 (2)	0.1353 (3)
O1	0.12637 (19)	0.64502 (19)	0.42799 (11)	0.0738 (6)
N1	-0.10263 (19)	0.0347 (2)	0.43425 (11)	0.0521 (5)
N2	-0.05301 (19)	-0.0315 (2)	0.38311 (10)	0.0532 (6)
C1	0.2092 (3)	0.4905 (3)	0.28237 (14)	0.0621 (7)
H1A	0.1332	0.4616	0.2693	0.075*
C2	0.2907 (3)	0.4908 (4)	0.23478 (16)	0.0844 (10)
H2A	0.2701	0.4629	0.1903	0.101*
C3	0.4027 (3)	0.5329 (5)	0.2538 (2)	0.0960 (12)
C4	0.4336 (3)	0.5741 (4)	0.31980 (19)	0.0865 (11)
H4A	0.5097	0.6028	0.3325	0.104*
C5	0.3506 (3)	0.5722 (3)	0.36638 (15)	0.0624 (8)
C6	0.2362 (2)	0.5316 (3)	0.34922 (13)	0.0509 (6)
C7	0.1426 (2)	0.5391 (3)	0.39854 (14)	0.0535 (7)
C8	0.0702 (2)	0.4217 (3)	0.40921 (15)	0.0562 (7)
H8A	0.0056	0.4330	0.4346	0.067*
C9	0.0901 (2)	0.2988 (3)	0.38512 (14)	0.0528 (7)
H9A	0.1547	0.2885	0.3597	0.063*
C10	0.0198 (2)	0.1802 (3)	0.39515 (14)	0.0510 (6)
C11	-0.0605 (2)	0.1606 (3)	0.44253 (14)	0.0546 (7)
H11A	-0.0818	0.2231	0.4745	0.065*
C12	0.0218 (2)	0.0567 (3)	0.35954 (13)	0.0499 (6)
C13	0.0901 (2)	0.0206 (3)	0.30199 (13)	0.0513 (6)
C14	0.1383 (3)	-0.1062 (3)	0.29778 (16)	0.0647 (8)
H14A	0.1302	-0.1678	0.3327	0.078*
C15	0.1984 (3)	-0.1429 (3)	0.24257 (18)	0.0773 (9)
H15A	0.2302	-0.2288	0.2401	0.093*
C16	0.2106 (3)	-0.0517 (4)	0.19150 (16)	0.0771 (10)
C17	0.1647 (3)	0.0740 (4)	0.19476 (17)	0.0854 (11)
H17A	0.1741	0.1356	0.1600	0.102*
C18	0.1042 (3)	0.1099 (3)	0.24994 (15)	0.0700 (8)
H18A	0.0724	0.1959	0.2519	0.084*
C19	-0.1936 (2)	-0.0283 (3)	0.46832 (13)	0.0538 (7)

supplementary materials

C20	-0.2579 (3)	0.0449 (3)	0.51087 (17)	0.0778 (9)
H20A	-0.2423	0.1359	0.5180	0.093*
C21	-0.3459 (3)	-0.0174 (4)	0.54300 (19)	0.0943 (12)
H21A	-0.3899	0.0325	0.5718	0.113*
C22	-0.3699 (3)	-0.1507 (4)	0.53335 (19)	0.0871 (10)
H22A	-0.4294	-0.1918	0.5554	0.105*
C23	-0.3047 (3)	-0.2235 (4)	0.49049 (19)	0.0845 (10)
H23A	-0.3209	-0.3142	0.4830	0.101*
C24	-0.2153 (3)	-0.1630 (3)	0.45838 (16)	0.0695 (8)
H24A	-0.1702	-0.2131	0.4302	0.083*
Cl1	0.50704 (12)	0.5349 (2)	0.19526 (7)	0.1885 (8)
Cl2	0.39593 (8)	0.61893 (11)	0.44937 (5)	0.0945 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.1461 (4)	0.1639 (5)	0.1070 (4)	-0.0726 (3)	0.0781 (3)	-0.0677 (3)
O1	0.0941 (15)	0.0484 (12)	0.0836 (15)	-0.0100 (11)	0.0363 (12)	-0.0172 (11)
N1	0.0620 (14)	0.0463 (13)	0.0487 (13)	-0.0033 (11)	0.0081 (11)	-0.0024 (10)
N2	0.0659 (14)	0.0474 (13)	0.0470 (12)	-0.0023 (11)	0.0095 (11)	-0.0052 (10)
C1	0.0677 (18)	0.0636 (19)	0.0544 (17)	0.0069 (15)	0.0012 (15)	-0.0050 (14)
C2	0.094 (3)	0.111 (3)	0.0498 (18)	0.027 (2)	0.0131 (18)	-0.0086 (18)
C3	0.077 (3)	0.145 (4)	0.070 (2)	0.030 (2)	0.029 (2)	0.007 (2)
C4	0.061 (2)	0.122 (3)	0.078 (2)	0.0072 (19)	0.0142 (18)	0.008 (2)
C5	0.0647 (19)	0.069 (2)	0.0535 (17)	0.0039 (15)	0.0037 (15)	0.0011 (14)
C6	0.0591 (17)	0.0442 (15)	0.0496 (15)	0.0033 (13)	0.0059 (13)	-0.0035 (12)
C7	0.0624 (17)	0.0453 (16)	0.0533 (16)	-0.0009 (13)	0.0083 (13)	-0.0038 (13)
C8	0.0584 (17)	0.0479 (17)	0.0641 (18)	-0.0018 (13)	0.0156 (14)	-0.0037 (13)
C9	0.0557 (16)	0.0499 (17)	0.0529 (16)	-0.0017 (13)	0.0058 (13)	-0.0014 (13)
C10	0.0548 (16)	0.0441 (16)	0.0539 (16)	-0.0021 (12)	0.0032 (13)	-0.0049 (12)
C11	0.0648 (17)	0.0405 (16)	0.0590 (17)	-0.0009 (13)	0.0086 (14)	-0.0088 (12)
C12	0.0584 (16)	0.0434 (16)	0.0476 (15)	0.0007 (13)	0.0028 (13)	0.0002 (12)
C13	0.0616 (16)	0.0436 (16)	0.0487 (15)	-0.0071 (13)	0.0037 (13)	-0.0040 (12)
C14	0.077 (2)	0.0516 (19)	0.0670 (19)	-0.0017 (15)	0.0178 (16)	0.0001 (14)
C15	0.089 (2)	0.060 (2)	0.087 (2)	-0.0033 (17)	0.034 (2)	-0.0154 (18)
C16	0.083 (2)	0.086 (3)	0.065 (2)	-0.0349 (19)	0.0275 (17)	-0.0257 (18)
C17	0.126 (3)	0.079 (3)	0.0539 (19)	-0.032 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.0017 (17)
C18	0.099 (2)	0.0571 (19)	0.0543 (18)	-0.0068 (17)	0.0096 (17)	0.0015 (14)
C19	0.0604 (17)	0.0539 (17)	0.0463 (15)	-0.0079 (14)	-0.0007 (13)	0.0022 (13)
C20	0.089 (2)	0.065 (2)	0.084 (2)	-0.0081 (17)	0.0355 (19)	-0.0082 (17)
C21	0.093 (3)	0.096 (3)	0.100 (3)	-0.016 (2)	0.045 (2)	-0.012 (2)
C22	0.084 (2)	0.098 (3)	0.082 (2)	-0.030 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.003 (2)
C23	0.093 (2)	0.076 (2)	0.084 (2)	-0.032 (2)	0.006 (2)	-0.0035 (19)
C24	0.084 (2)	0.061 (2)	0.0650 (19)	-0.0174 (17)	0.0129 (17)	-0.0086 (15)
Cl1	0.1164 (9)	0.351 (2)	0.1079 (9)	0.0464 (13)	0.0678 (8)	0.0086 (13)
Cl2	0.0853 (6)	0.1270 (8)	0.0694 (6)	-0.0180 (5)	-0.0044 (5)	-0.0168 (5)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Br1—C16	1.893 (3)	C10—C12	1.414 (4)
O1—C7	1.222 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9300
N1—C11	1.346 (3)	C12—C13	1.469 (4)
N1—N2	1.363 (3)	C13—C18	1.374 (4)
N1—C19	1.425 (3)	C13—C14	1.380 (4)
N2—C12	1.333 (3)	C14—C15	1.379 (4)
C1—C2	1.372 (4)	C14—H14A	0.9300
C1—C6	1.387 (4)	C15—C16	1.368 (5)
C1—H1A	0.9300	C15—H15A	0.9300
C2—C3	1.369 (5)	C16—C17	1.358 (5)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C17—C18	1.380 (4)
C3—C4	1.378 (5)	C17—H17A	0.9300
C3—Cl1	1.723 (3)	C18—H18A	0.9300
C4—C5	1.370 (4)	C19—C20	1.367 (4)
C4—H4A	0.9300	C19—C24	1.373 (4)
C5—C6	1.384 (4)	C20—C21	1.377 (4)
C5—Cl2	1.734 (3)	C20—H20A	0.9300
C6—C7	1.502 (4)	C21—C22	1.363 (5)
C7—C8	1.455 (4)	C21—H21A	0.9300
C8—C9	1.336 (4)	C22—C23	1.374 (5)
C8—H8A	0.9300	C22—H22A	0.9300
C9—C10	1.448 (4)	C23—C24	1.380 (4)
C9—H9A	0.9300	C23—H23A	0.9300
C10—C11	1.373 (4)	C24—H24A	0.9300
C11—N1—N2	111.8 (2)	N2—C12—C13	120.2 (2)
C11—N1—C19	128.2 (2)	C10—C12—C13	128.6 (2)
N2—N1—C19	119.8 (2)	C18—C13—C14	118.3 (3)
C12—N2—N1	104.8 (2)	C18—C13—C12	121.1 (3)
C2—C1—C6	122.3 (3)	C14—C13—C12	120.5 (2)
C2—C1—H1A	118.8	C15—C14—C13	121.0 (3)
C6—C1—H1A	118.8	C15—C14—H14A	119.5
C3—C2—C1	119.0 (3)	C13—C14—H14A	119.5
C3—C2—H2A	120.5	C16—C15—C14	119.3 (3)
C1—C2—H2A	120.5	C16—C15—H15A	120.4
C2—C3—C4	120.7 (3)	C14—C15—H15A	120.4
C2—C3—Cl1	120.2 (3)	C17—C16—C15	120.8 (3)
C4—C3—Cl1	119.2 (3)	C17—C16—Br1	119.4 (3)
C5—C4—C3	119.1 (3)	C15—C16—Br1	119.8 (3)
C5—C4—H4A	120.4	C16—C17—C18	119.7 (3)
C3—C4—H4A	120.4	C16—C17—H17A	120.2
C4—C5—C6	122.1 (3)	C18—C17—H17A	120.2
C4—C5—Cl2	117.1 (3)	C13—C18—C17	121.0 (3)
C6—C5—Cl2	120.7 (2)	C13—C18—H18A	119.5
C5—C6—C1	116.7 (3)	C17—C18—H18A	119.5
C5—C6—C7	122.4 (2)	C20—C19—C24	120.4 (3)
C1—C6—C7	120.8 (2)	C20—C19—N1	120.1 (3)

supplementary materials

O1—C7—C8	120.8 (3)	C24—C19—N1	119.5 (3)
O1—C7—C6	119.4 (2)	C19—C20—C21	119.3 (3)
C8—C7—C6	119.7 (2)	C19—C20—H20A	120.3
C9—C8—C7	124.5 (3)	C21—C20—H20A	120.3
C9—C8—H8A	117.7	C22—C21—C20	121.3 (3)
C7—C8—H8A	117.7	C22—C21—H21A	119.4
C8—C9—C10	125.7 (3)	C20—C21—H21A	119.4
C8—C9—H9A	117.2	C21—C22—C23	119.0 (3)
C10—C9—H9A	117.2	C21—C22—H22A	120.5
C11—C10—C12	104.6 (2)	C23—C22—H22A	120.5
C11—C10—C9	128.0 (2)	C22—C23—C24	120.6 (3)
C12—C10—C9	127.4 (2)	C22—C23—H23A	119.7
N1—C11—C10	107.6 (2)	C24—C23—H23A	119.7
N1—C11—H11A	126.2	C19—C24—C23	119.4 (3)
C10—C11—H11A	126.2	C19—C24—H24A	120.3
N2—C12—C10	111.2 (2)	C23—C24—H24A	120.3
C11—N1—N2—C12	0.1 (3)	C11—C10—C12—N2	0.7 (3)
C19—N1—N2—C12	176.1 (2)	C9—C10—C12—N2	178.7 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.1 (5)	C11—C10—C12—C13	178.5 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.1 (6)	C9—C10—C12—C13	-3.5 (4)
C1—C2—C3—Cl1	-179.9 (3)	N2—C12—C13—C18	136.9 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.1 (6)	C10—C12—C13—C18	-40.7 (4)
Cl1—C3—C4—C5	-179.8 (3)	N2—C12—C13—C14	-40.7 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.7 (5)	C10—C12—C13—C14	141.6 (3)
C3—C4—C5—Cl2	177.6 (3)	C18—C13—C14—C15	-0.5 (5)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.0 (4)	C12—C13—C14—C15	177.3 (3)
Cl2—C5—C6—C1	-177.2 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.3 (5)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-175.3 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C17	0.2 (5)
Cl2—C5—C6—C7	6.5 (4)	C14—C15—C16—Br1	-178.7 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.7 (4)	C15—C16—C17—C18	-0.6 (5)
C2—C1—C6—C7	175.6 (3)	Br1—C16—C17—C18	178.4 (2)
C5—C6—C7—O1	51.9 (4)	C14—C13—C18—C17	0.1 (5)
C1—C6—C7—O1	-124.2 (3)	C12—C13—C18—C17	-177.6 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-129.9 (3)	C16—C17—C18—C13	0.4 (5)
C1—C6—C7—C8	54.0 (4)	C11—N1—C19—C20	6.9 (4)
O1—C7—C8—C9	-172.3 (3)	N2—N1—C19—C20	-168.4 (3)
C6—C7—C8—C9	9.5 (4)	C11—N1—C19—C24	-172.7 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	179.8 (3)	N2—N1—C19—C24	12.0 (4)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-16.9 (5)	C24—C19—C20—C21	-0.9 (5)
C8—C9—C10—C12	165.5 (3)	N1—C19—C20—C21	179.6 (3)
N2—N1—C11—C10	0.3 (3)	C19—C20—C21—C22	0.2 (6)
C19—N1—C11—C10	-175.3 (2)	C20—C21—C22—C23	-0.2 (6)
C12—C10—C11—N1	-0.6 (3)	C21—C22—C23—C24	0.8 (6)
C9—C10—C11—N1	-178.6 (2)	C20—C19—C24—C23	1.5 (5)
N1—N2—C12—C10	-0.5 (3)	N1—C19—C24—C23	-178.9 (3)
N1—N2—C12—C13	-178.5 (2)	C22—C23—C24—C19	-1.5 (5)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of C1–C6 phenyl ring.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C11—H11A···O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.41	3.329 (4)	170
C15—H15A···Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.82	3.666 (3)	152

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $x, y-1, z$.

supplementary materials

Fig. 1

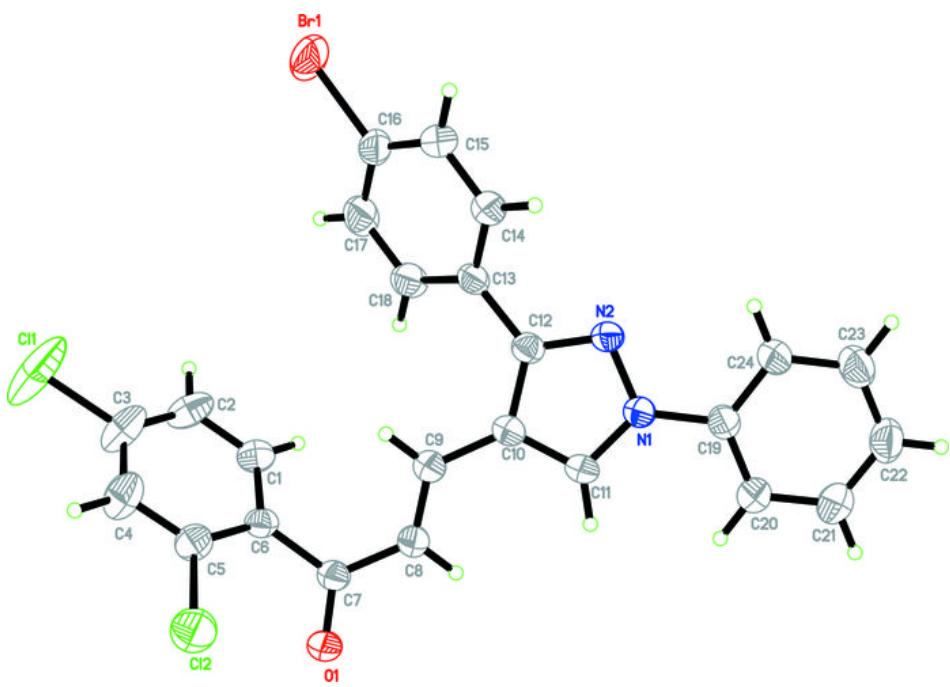


Fig. 2

